

# Psychological Safety and Operations

John Looney



 @IntercomEng  
#intercomEng



# What are the determinants of a Successful Team ?

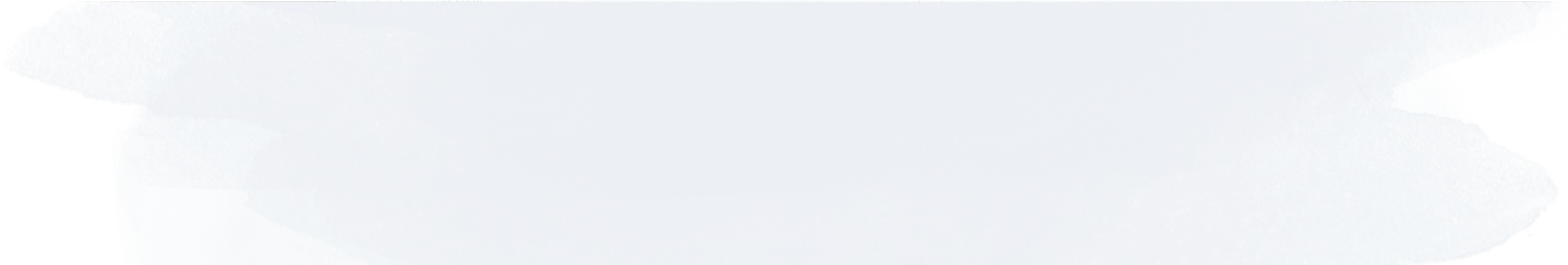
1. **Psychological safety:** Can we take risks without feeling insecure ?
2. **Dependability:** Can we count on each other's commitments ?
3. **Structure & clarity:** Are goals, roles, and plans on our team clear?
4. **Meaning of work:** Is our work personally important for each of us?
5. **Impact of work:** Do we believe that the work we're doing matter ?

# How do you measure Psychological Safety ?

- *If I take a chance, and screw up, it will be held against me*
- *Our team has a strong sense of culture that can be hard for new people to join*
- *My team are slow to offer help to people who are struggling*
- *Using my unique skills and talents come second to the objectives of the team*
- *It's uncomfortable to have open conversations about sensitive issues*

**Try recall a bright young engineer...**

**One day, Karen made a mistake**

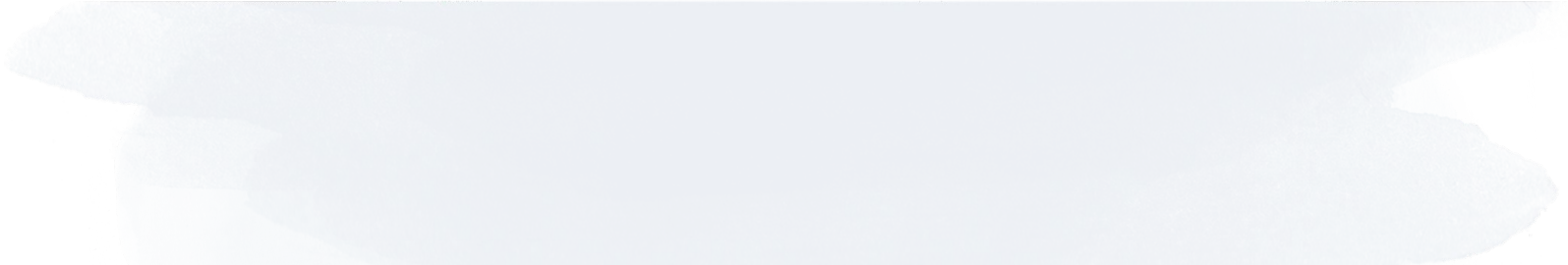


**“If I take a chance, and screw up,  
it will be held against me”**

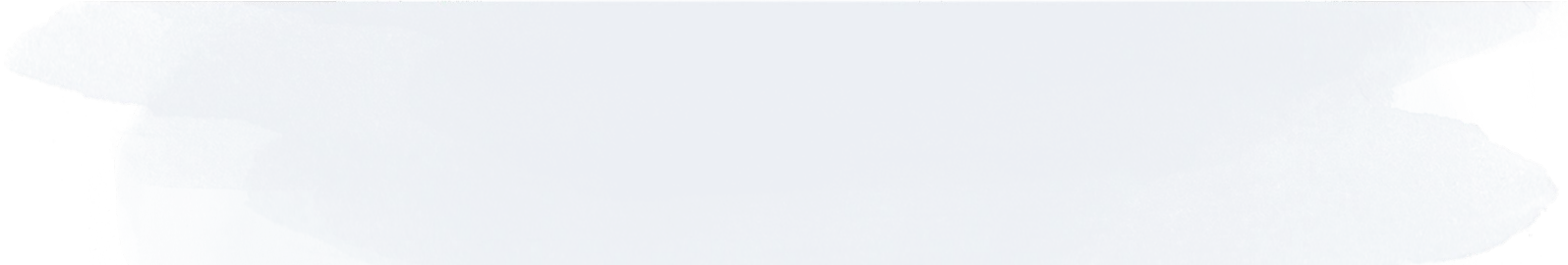
**“Our team has a strong sense of culture,  
and it’s hard for new people to join”**

**“My team are slow to offer help to people who are struggling”**





**“Using my unique skills and talents  
come second to the goals of the team”**



**“It’s uncomfortable to have open, honest conversations about our team’s sensitive issues”**



**What helps across all roles ?**



**Respect**



**Innovate**



**Celebrate**



**Communicate**

# What's especially unsafe about being Operations ?

- Interrupts
- Risk & Uncertainty
- On-Call
- Cognitive Overload
- Imaginary Expectations



# Interrupts

- Humans suck at multitasking<sup>[0]</sup>
- Interrupts are low-importance, high-urgency tasks
- Check out 'Bad Machinery' by Dave O'Connor

<sup>[0]</sup> "You Can't Multitask, So Stop Trying" - <https://hbr.org/2010/12/you-cant-multi-task-so-stop-tr>

# Risk & The Information Gap

- We manage Risk for our organisations
- When exposed to uncertainty, humans seek information<sup>[0]</sup>
- Information Overload reduces decision quality
- Uncertainty, Information Overload, Poor Decisions != Good

<sup>[0]</sup> "The Psychology of Curiosity" - Loewenstein, 1994

# On-Call

- 24/7 is not the problem - avoid small teams, long shifts
- More shifts == more likelihood of depression, anxiety<sup>[0]</sup>
- We are the maintenance crew at the fairground
- The expectation of having to act is the real strain<sup>[1]</sup>
- Incident Management Training and Drills reduce stress

[0] "On-call work and health: a review"  
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC539298/>

[1] "Extended work availability and its relation with start-of-day mood and cortisol"  
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/26236956>

# Cognitive Overload

- Frameworks, designs and languages
- Monoliths; easy for devs, hard on Ops
- Mature Services stick like burrs
- Firehose of data from rapidly changing software
- Abstractions are actually quicksand

# Imaginary Expectations

- Where did those magic numbers come from ?
- Can our SLAs direct your team's efforts ?
- Are there good reasons for the process we follow ?
- Are we being watched ?
- Do we really have to fix all bugs logged against our team ?

# How can you increase Psychological Safety ?

1. **Give your your team a short survey**
2. **Discuss what 'Safety' means to your team**
3. **Build a culture of respect & clear communication**



**Where do we go from here ?**

**Hypothesis: We are biased against admitting we are stressed**



# What's special about Operations ?

- A proud, strong Culture
- Tendency to specialize
- Operational stress
- We seek work we enjoy

# Where do we go from here ?

Let's talk about what makes us unsafe

- Do you worry about your reputation ?
- Can the team do without you ?
- How do you look after your team ?
- Would you be upset to unexpectedly find out you were on-call ?
- Does your weekly meeting start with the #1 most important topic ?